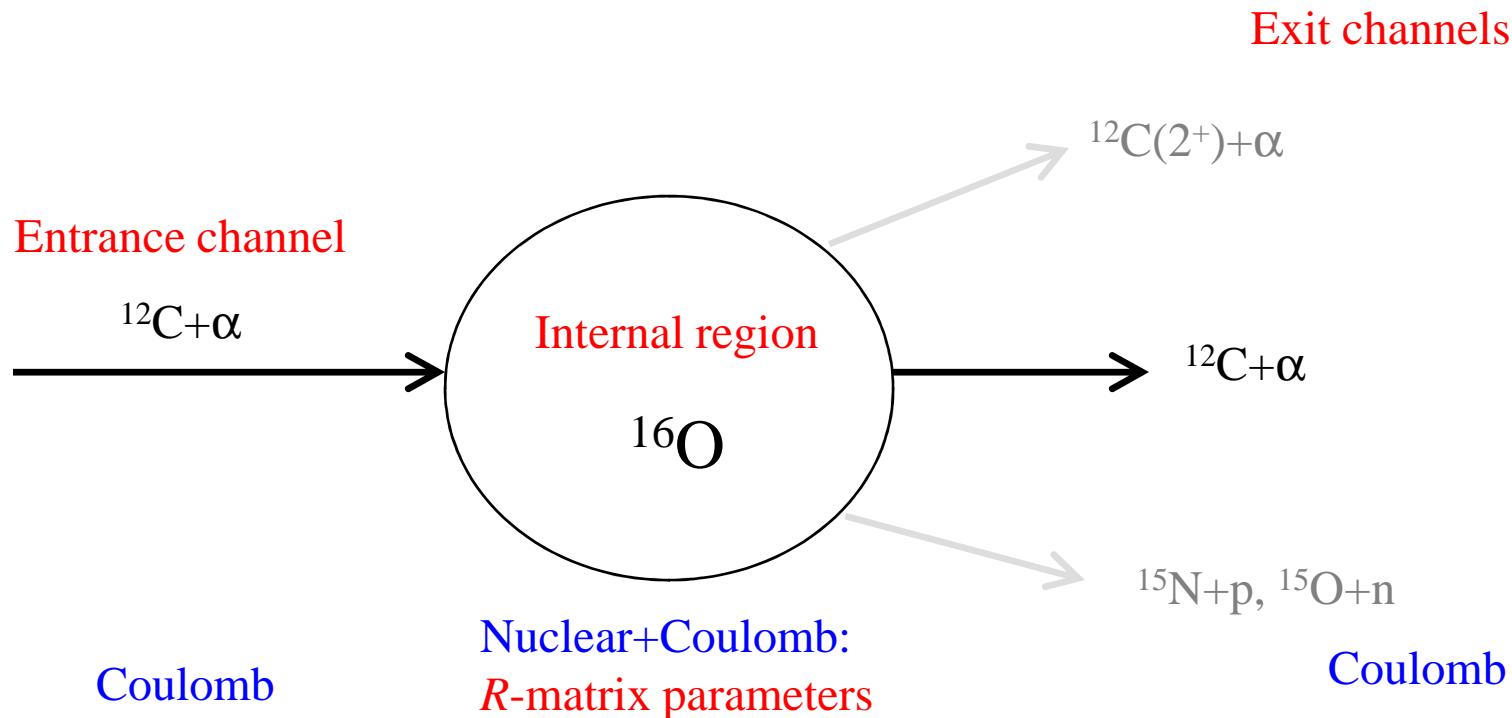


# R-Matrix analysis for spin-parity assignments

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## *R*-matrix theory

- Main idea: to divide the configuration space into 2 regions (radius  $a$ )
  - Internal:  $r \leq a$  : Nuclear + coulomb interactions
  - External:  $r > a$  : Coulomb only



Each low energy level must be considered individually, high energy levels with the same  $J^\pi$  treated as one for background.

→ well adapted to nuclear astrophysics

## R-matrix differential cross section

$$\begin{aligned}
 & (2s+1) \frac{k_\alpha^2}{\pi} d\sigma_{\alpha s, \alpha' s'} d\Omega_{\alpha'} \\
 &= (2s+1) |C_{\alpha'}(\theta_{\alpha'})|^2 \delta_{\alpha' s', \alpha s} \quad \leftarrow \text{Coulomb scattering} \\
 &+ \frac{1}{\pi} \sum_L B_L(\alpha' s', \alpha s) P_L(\cos \theta_{\alpha'}) - \delta_{\alpha' s', \alpha s} (4\pi)^{-\frac{1}{2}} \quad \leftarrow \text{Resonant scattering} \\
 &\times \sum_{Jl} (2J+1) 2\Re [i (T_{\alpha' s' l', \alpha s l}^J)^* C_{\alpha'}(\theta_{\alpha'}) P_l(\cos \theta_{\alpha'})] \quad \leftarrow \text{Interference term} \\
 B_L(\alpha' s', \alpha s) &= \frac{1}{4} (-1)^{s-s'} \sum_{J_1 J_2 l_1 l_2 l'_1 l'_2} \bar{Z}(l_1 J_1 l_2 J_2, s L) \\
 &\times \bar{Z}(l'_1 J_1 l'_2 J_2, s' L) (T_{\alpha' s' l'_1, \alpha s l_1}^{J_1}) (T_{\alpha' s' l'_2, \alpha s l_2}^{J_2})^*
 \end{aligned}$$

Collision matrix  $U = \frac{I(a)}{O(a)} \frac{1 - L^* R}{1 - LR} = \exp(2i\delta)$

with

$$R = \sum_{\lambda} \frac{\tilde{\gamma}^2}{E_{\lambda} - E} \quad \text{and} \quad L = ka \frac{O'(a)}{O(a)} = S + iP$$

P=penetration factor  
S=shift factor

R-matrix parameters  $E_{\lambda}$  given by  $(H - E_{\lambda})u_{\lambda} = 0$

$$\tilde{\gamma}_{\lambda} = \left( \frac{\hbar^2}{2\mu a} \right)^{1/2} u_{\lambda}(a) \quad \text{= reduced width}$$

The best fit to the experimental cross section

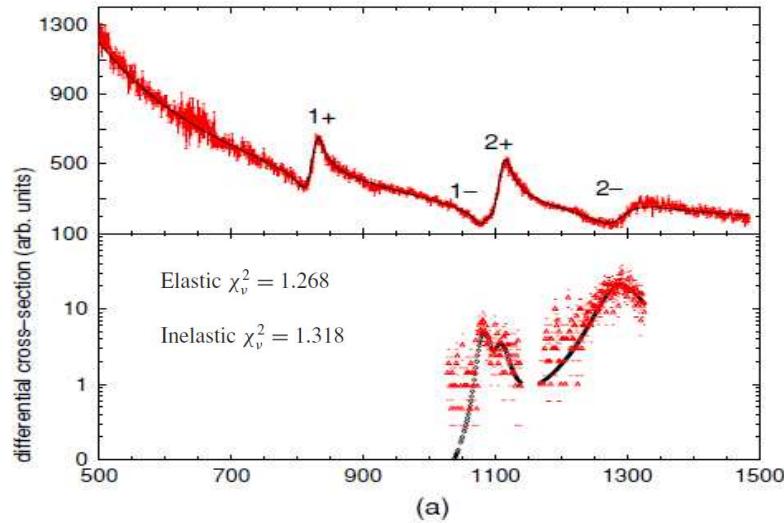


Resonance energies  
resonance widths  
spin-parities

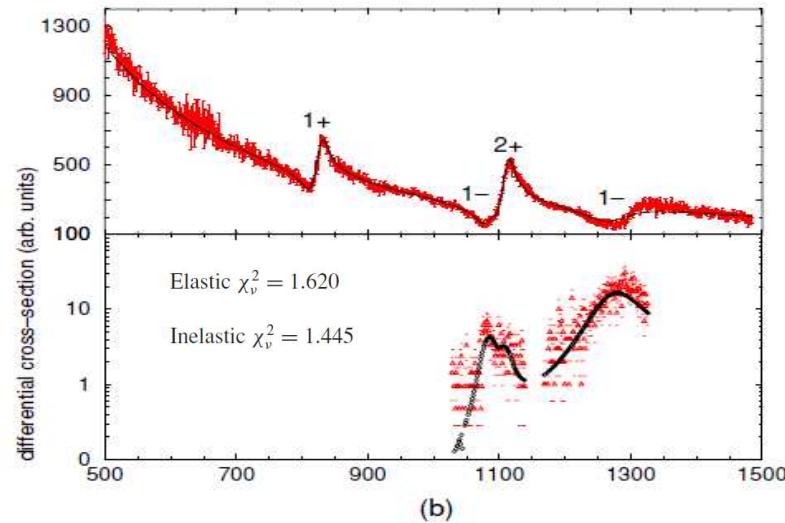
## Applications: scatterings

$^{21}\text{Na}(p,p)^{21}\text{Na}$

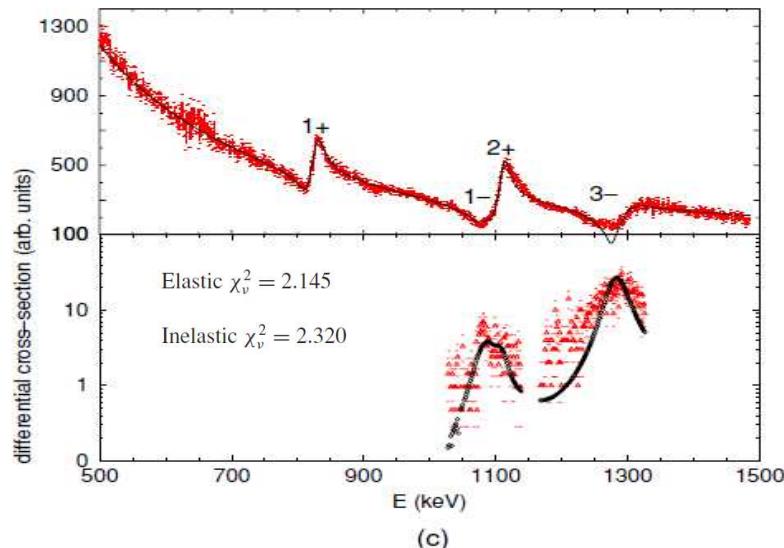
Fit 1



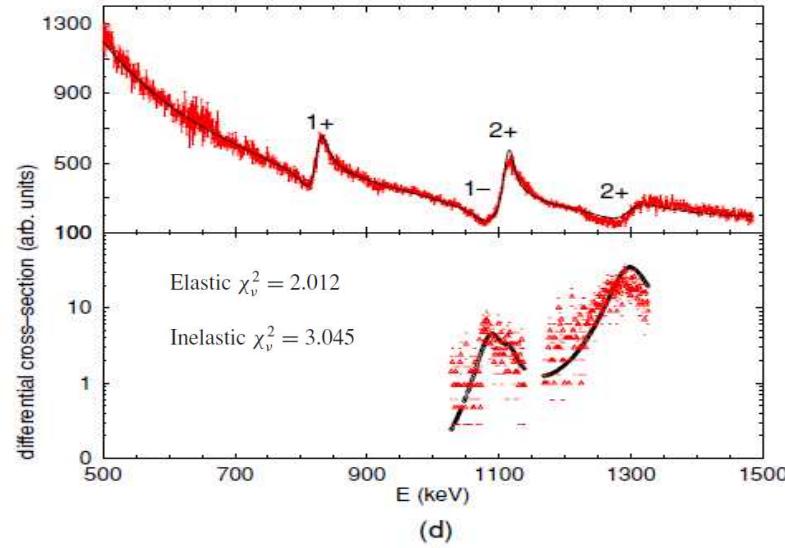
Fit 2



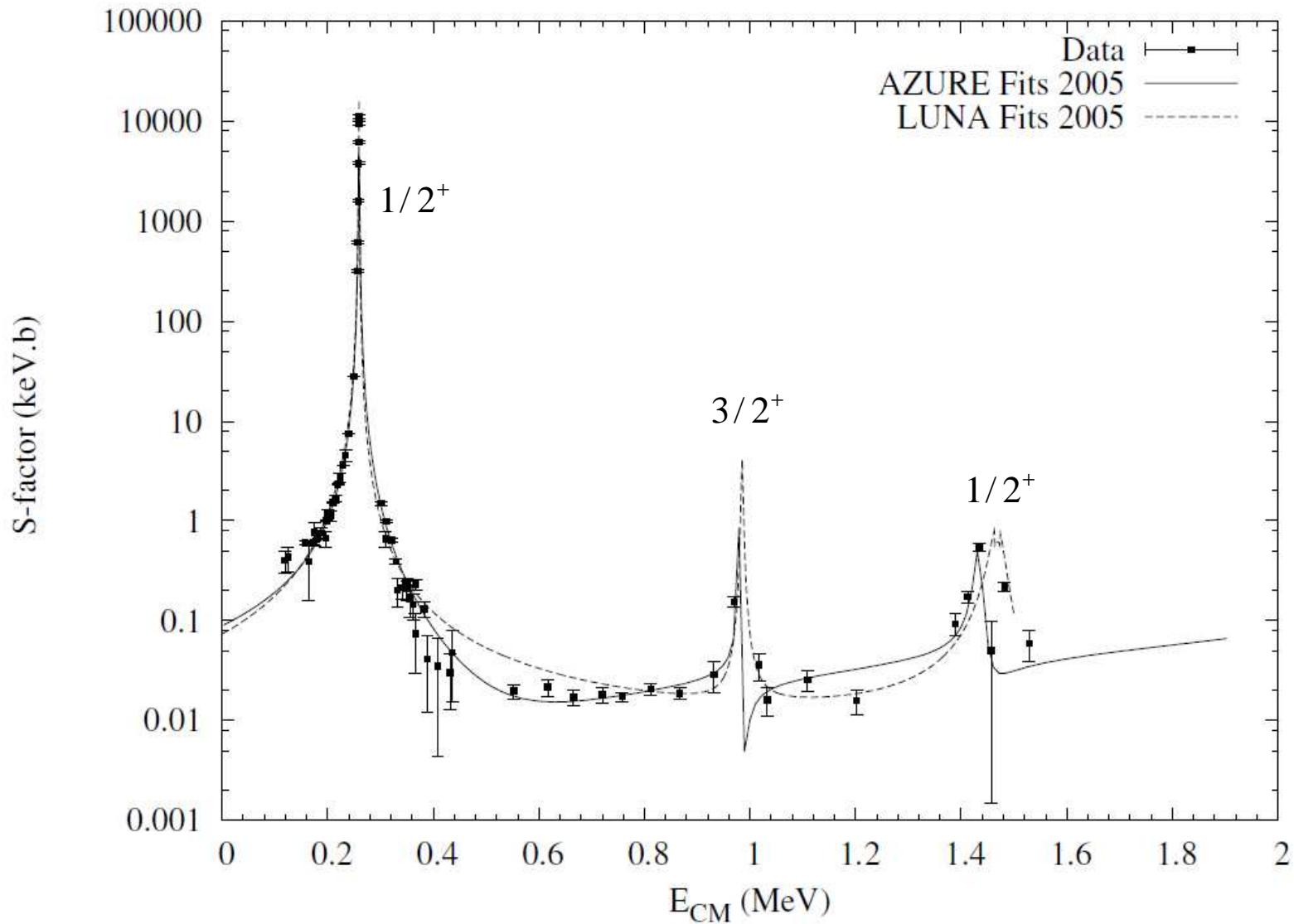
Fit 3



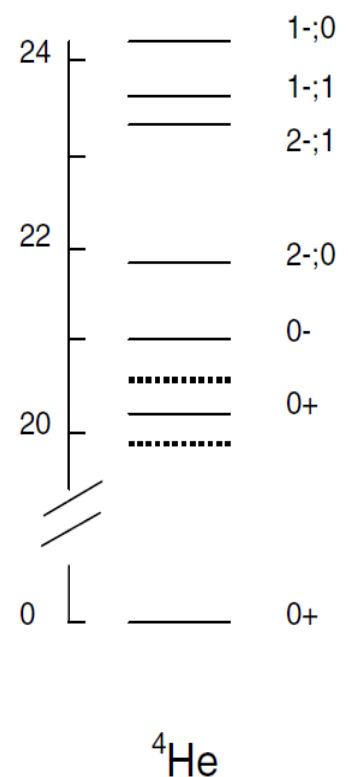
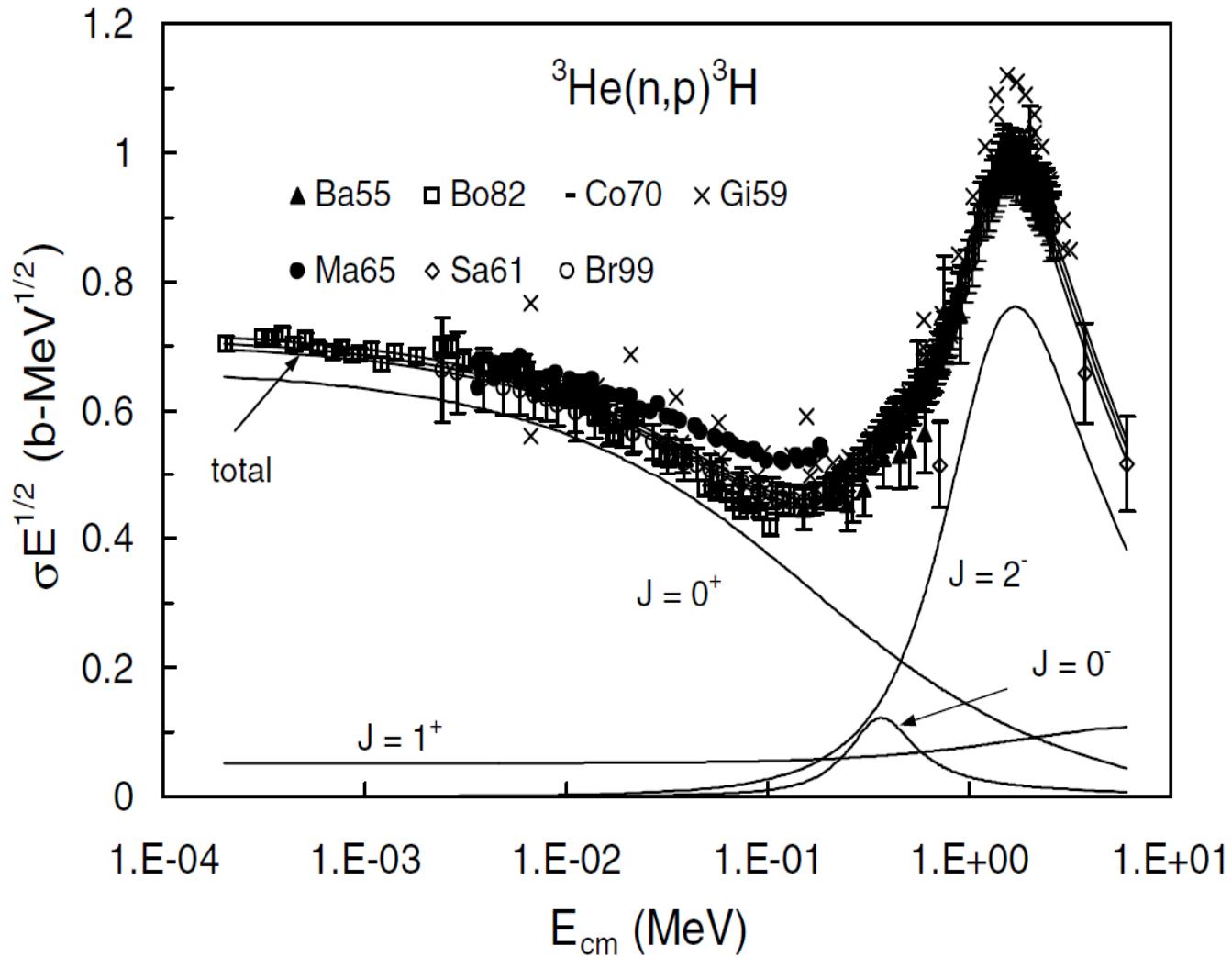
Fit 4



## *Applications: captures*



*Applications: reactions*



# *Applications: our experiment* $p(^{25}\text{Al}, p) ^{25}\text{Al}$

